

17 11/37.7

$c_1, \dots, c_n \in R$ $\exists A \in M_n(R)$ $\text{gcd}(c_1, \dots, c_n) = g = \text{gcd}(c_1, \dots, c_n)$.

$$\text{.} (g) = (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n) \quad |^k$$

$\text{.} \exists A \in M_n(R) : \text{suppose } \forall n \geq 2$

$$\text{.} \text{gcd}(c_1, \dots, c_n) = 1 - \text{e} \quad \exists A \in M_n(R) \quad c_1, \dots, c_n \in R$$

$$\text{.} \text{e} \quad \exists A \in M_n(R) \quad \det A = 1 \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ \vdots \\ c_n \end{pmatrix} \quad |^k \quad A \in M_n(R) \quad (2)$$

$\text{.} \forall R \text{ such that } M \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$

$$\text{.} M \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1} \quad (m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n)$$

$$\text{.} M = Rm_1 + Rm_2 + \dots + Rm_n \quad (3)$$

$$c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n \in R \quad \text{.} (2) \quad \text{.} (3) \quad M \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$$

$$\text{.} \text{e} \quad \text{.} \text{gcd}(c_1, \dots, c_n) = 1 - \text{e} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{.} M \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1} \quad (m'_1, m'_2, \dots, m'_n)$$

$$\text{.} \text{e} \quad (5) \quad m'_1 = c_1m_1 + c_2m_2 + \dots + c_nm_n$$

$$\text{.} m'_1 = c_1m_1 + c_2m_2 + \dots + c_nm_n$$

18) $\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz$ where $f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1}$ and γ is the circle $|z| = 2$.

$$\cdot \text{Res}_{z=1}$$

2) $\int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{z^2} dz$ where γ is the circle $|z|=1$.

$$\cdot \text{Res}_{z=0}$$

: \mathbb{Z}^2 $\{e^{i\theta}, e^{i\phi}\} \subset \gamma$

$$B_1 = \{(5,3), (3,2)\} \quad B_2 = \{(7,-4), (-5,3)\}$$

rechts $\{b_1, b_2\}$ $\rightarrow B_1$ \cap $B_2 = \emptyset$ ist b_1, b_2 linear unabhängig.

$$b_1 \in B_1, b_2 \in B_2$$

Wegen $\int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{z^2} dz = 2\pi i \text{Res}_{z=0}$ und $\underbrace{\text{Res}_{z=0}}_{\substack{A \in M_n(\mathbb{R}) \\ \{a_{ij}\}}} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} A(z) dz$

iff $A \in \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$ und $\det(A) = 1$

$\sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} c_j = 0$, $i = 1, \dots, n$

$$m'_j = a_{1j} m_1 + a_{2j} m_2 + \dots + a_{nj} m_n \in M.$$

$$M' = Rm'_1 + \dots + Rm'_n$$

$M' = M$ \Leftrightarrow $\{m'_1, \dots, m'_n\} \subset M$ $\text{und } \sum_{j=1}^n m'_j = 0$

$\sum_{m_i \in M'} m_i = \sum_{m_i \in M} m_i$

$R ->$ הוכחה $\det A = 1$ -
כינור

לעומת $\{e\}$ הינה $A \in M_n(R)$

$B \in M_n(R) \Rightarrow BA = I_n$ -
 $\sum b_{ij} e_j = e_i$

$$m_j = b_{1j} m'_1 + b_{2j} m'_2 + \dots + b_{nj} m'_n \in M'$$

$\{e_j\}_{j=1}^n$ סדרה של $e_j \in M$

כל $a \in R$ $(ae_j) \in M$

$\{ae_j\}_{j=1}^n$ סדרה של M

$$M \cong R \times \frac{R}{(d_1)} \times \frac{R}{(d_2)} \times \dots \times \frac{R}{(d_s)}$$

$d_i | d_j$, $1 \leq i \leq s$ $\sum s_i r \geq 0$: $r \in \mathbb{Z}$

$d_1 | d_2 \Rightarrow d_1 | d_2$ $d_1 \neq 0 \neq d_i \in R$

$d_2 | d_3 \Rightarrow d_2 | d_3$ $d_2 \neq 0 \neq d_i \in R$

$d_{s-1} | d_s \Rightarrow d_{s-1} | d_s$ $d_{s-1} \neq 0 \neq d_i \in R$

$d_s | d_1 \Rightarrow d_s | d_1$

$$\text{If } R = \frac{R}{(d_1)} \times \dots \times \frac{R}{(d_n)} \text{ then } \underline{\underline{R}} = \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)}$$

\Rightarrow If M is R -module then $(a \in R) \rightarrow aM \subseteq \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)}$

$$aM \subseteq \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)} \Leftrightarrow a \in \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)}$$

$$M \subseteq \frac{R}{(d_1)} \times \dots \times \frac{R}{(d_n)} \quad (*)$$

$$M \subseteq \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)} \Leftrightarrow d_i \in R \text{ for all } i$$

$$\text{So } M \subseteq \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)} \Leftrightarrow d_{n+1} \mid d_n, \dots, d_1 \mid d_2$$

$$M \subseteq \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)} \Leftrightarrow d_i \mid r \text{ for all } i \quad (r \in R)$$

$$\text{From } (*) \text{ we have } n = r+s \quad (n = \sum_{i=1}^r d_i + \sum_{i=r+1}^s d_i)$$

$$(r,s) \in \mathbb{Z}^2 \text{ such that } d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n \mid r \text{ and } \underline{\underline{r}} = \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)}$$

$$M \subseteq \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)} \Leftrightarrow r \in \bigcap_{i=1}^n \frac{R}{(d_i)}$$

$$\text{So } M \subseteq \bigcap_{i=1}^r \frac{R}{(d_i)} \times \bigcap_{i=r+1}^s \frac{R}{(d_i)}$$

$$m \in M \Leftrightarrow m \in \bigcap_{i=1}^r \frac{R}{(d_i)} \times \bigcap_{i=r+1}^s \frac{R}{(d_i)}$$

$$\text{Ann}_R(m) = \{r \in R : rm = 0\} \trianglelefteq R \quad (\text{ideal})$$

$$\text{.} \quad \text{.} \quad \text{.}$$

לען (m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n) מוגדר ב- $\mathbb{Z}_{(d_1)}$ כ- M

בנוסף ל- d_1 מוגדרת M כ- $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \{N \in \mathbb{Z}_{(d_1)} : d_1 \mid N\}$

בנוסף ל- d_1 מוגדרת $(d_1) = \text{Ann}_R(m_1)$ כ-

ה- d_1 מוגדרת כ- $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \{N \in \mathbb{Z}_{(d_1)} : d_1 \mid N\}$

בנוסף ל- d_1 מוגדרת R/d_1 כ-

ה- d_1 מוגדרת כ- $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \{N \in \mathbb{Z}_{(d_1)} : d_1 \mid N\}$

בנוסף ל- $d_1 = p_1 p_2 \cdots p_t$ מוגדרת R/d_1 כ-

בנוסף ל- $d_1 = 0$ מוגדרת R/d_1 כ-

בנוסף ל- $d_1 = 0$ מוגדרת R/d_1 כ-

בנוסף ל- $M = Rm_1$ מוגדרת M כ-

בנוסף ל- $M \cong R/\text{Ann}_R(m_1) = R/(d_1)$ מוגדרת M כ-

$M_1 = Rm_1$ כ-

$n > 1$

$M_2 = Rm_2 \times \cdots \times Rm_n$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{. } M = M_1 \times M_2 \quad \text{ןירט-רנ} \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{. } M = M_1 + M_2 \quad \text{lc} \\ \text{. } M_1 \cap M_2 = \{0\} \quad (\Rightarrow) \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{ןירט-רנ} \\ \text{ןירט-רנ} \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{. } \{m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n\} \subset \text{הנירט-רנ} \quad (\text{lc}) \\ m \in M \quad \text{ס. } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{. } m = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i m_i \quad \text{. } M \subseteq \text{הנירט-רנ} \\ c_i \in R \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \\ \text{ןירט-רנ} \end{array}$$

$$m = \underbrace{c_1 m_1}_{\in M_1} + \underbrace{c_2 m_2 + \dots + c_n m_n}_{\in M_2}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{. } M_1 \cap M_2 = \{0\} \quad \text{. } M = M_1 + M_2 \quad \text{ס. } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{. } M_1 \cap M_2 = \{0\} \\ M = M_1 + M_2 \end{array} \right. \\ \text{ןירט-רנ} \end{array}$$

$$c_1 m_1 = c_2 m_2 + \dots + c_n m_n$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{. } c_1, \dots, c_n \in R \quad \text{lc} \quad \text{. } \text{הנירט-רנ} \subseteq \text{הנירט-רנ} \\ h = \gcd(c_1, d_1) \quad \text{ןירט-רנ} \end{array}$$

$$\text{. } d_1 m_1 = 0 \in (d_1) = \text{Ann}_R(m_1)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{. } h = c_1 x + d_1 y \quad \text{. } \text{e. } \quad \text{. } x, y \in R \\ h m_1 = c_1 x m_1 + y d_1 m_1^{\cancel{0}} = x c_1 m_1 \end{array}$$

$$c_i m_1 = \sum_{j=1}^n c_j m_j \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } c_i \mid d_i \\ \text{and } c_i \mid \sum_{j=1}^n c_j m_j \end{array} \right)$$

$$c_i m_1 = c_2 m_2 + \dots + c_n m_n \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } c_i \mid c_2 m_2 + \dots + c_n m_n \\ \text{and } c_i \mid c_i m_1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\therefore g = \gcd(c_1, \dots, c_n) \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } c_i \mid d_i \text{ and } c_i \mid g \end{array} \right)$$

$$\gcd(c'_1, \dots, c'_n) = 1 \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } c_i \mid g \end{array} \right)$$

$$\text{Let } m'_1, \dots, m'_n \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ such that } g = c'_1 m'_1 + \dots + c'_n m'_n$$

$$\therefore c_i \mid g \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } c_i \mid c'_1 m'_1 + \dots + c'_n m'_n \end{array} \right)$$

$$\therefore c_i \mid g \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } (d'_i) = \text{Ann}_R(m'_i) \end{array} \right)$$

$$gm'_i = -c_1 m'_1 + c_2 m'_2 + \dots + c_n m'_n = 0$$

$$d'_i \mid g \mid c_i \mid d_i \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } d'_i \mid g \\ \text{and } d'_i \mid c_i \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } d'_i \mid c_i \\ \text{and } d'_i \mid d_i \end{array} \right) \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{because } (d'_i) = (d_i) \\ \text{and } d'_i \mid d_i \end{array} \right)$$

(1) $\exists c \in R$ such that $c \in \text{Ann}_R(m_1)$

$$c \in \text{Ann}_R(m_1) = \text{Ann}_R(m_1)$$

$$c_1 m_1 + c_2 m_2 + \dots + c_n m_n = 0 \quad | \cdot c_1$$

$$\Rightarrow c_1 m_1 = 0 \quad (\because c_1 \neq 0) \quad M_1 \cap M_2 = \{0\} \quad | \cdot c_1$$

M (evidently) is a R -module $\Rightarrow c_1 m_1 = 0$

$$\{0, \dots\}_{M_1}^{M_1} \quad n-1 \quad \{0, \dots\}_{M_2}^{M_2}$$

$$M_2 \cong R/(d_1) \times \dots \times R/(d_n) \quad \{0, \dots\}_{M_2}^{M_2}$$

$$d_2 | d_3 \quad \dots$$

:

$$d_{n-1} | d_n$$

$$M = M_1 \times M_2 \cong R/(d_1) \times R/(d_2) \times \dots \times R/(d_n) \quad \{0, \dots\}_{M_2}^{M_2}$$

$$d_1 | d_2 \quad \dots \quad \{0, \dots\}_{M_2}^{M_2}$$

$$m' = (1 + (d_1), 0 + (d_2), \dots, 0 + (d_n)) \in R/(d_1) \times \dots \times R/(d_n) \cong M_2.$$

$$m' = c_1 m_1 + \dots + c_n m_n$$

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$$\cdot c_1, \dots, c_n \in R \quad \rightarrow \text{cl.}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow r \in \text{Ann}_R(m') \quad \hookrightarrow \quad \text{def.} \quad \text{e.g.}$$

$$(r + (d_1), 0 + (d_2), \dots, 0 + (d_n)) =$$

$$(0 + (d_1), \dots, 0 + (d_n))$$

$$\cdot \text{Ann}_R(m') = (d_1) \quad \hookrightarrow \quad \cdot r \in (d_1) \quad (\Leftrightarrow)$$

$$\text{נ'ג רlc} \quad \hookrightarrow, \quad \text{gcd}(c_1, \dots, c_n) = 1 \quad , \quad \text{ס.}$$

$$\text{הנ'ג רlc} \quad \hookrightarrow \quad \text{הנ'ג רlc}$$

$$\text{e.g. } h m'' = m' - e \quad \hookrightarrow \quad m'' \in M_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & m'' \in (r_1 + (d_1), \dots, r_n + (d_n)) \in \\ & R/(d_1) \times \dots \times R/(d_n) \end{aligned}$$

$$(h r_1 + (d_1), \dots, h r_n + (d_n)) = m' = (1 + (d_1), 0 + (d_2), \dots)$$

—————

$$\underbrace{d_1 m_1}_{c_1} = d_2 m' = \underbrace{d_2 c_2 m_2 + \dots + d_2 c_n m_n}_{\sigma_2} \quad (6)$$

Se σ_2 é o menor múltiplo comum de d_2, c_2, \dots, c_n

$$g = \gcd(d_1, d_2 c_2, \dots, d_2 c_n)$$

$$d_1, d_2 c_2, \dots, d_2 c_n \mid g \quad | \quad d_1 \mid g$$

$$d_1 \mid \gcd(d_2 c_2, \dots, d_2 c_n) = d_2$$

$$\therefore \gcd(c_2, \dots, c_n) = 1 \quad | \quad d_1 \mid g$$