

— 14/12/10, 11:23 ~3 R '27P 227fj2 =

לפניהם כבויים מיניהם. ורשותה לשלוט על הרים נסעה מטה למטה.

$T = \emptyset$ sk. $(\forall v \in V) \langle Tv, v \rangle = 0$ l. j., $(f^* f_3)$ 1N3 f 3)N3 n(Galk T:VQ n) : Cjew

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &= \langle T(u+v), u+v \rangle = \langle Tu+Tv, u+v \rangle = \langle Tu, u \rangle + \langle Tu, v \rangle + \langle Tv, u \rangle + \langle Tv, v \rangle = \\
 &= 0 + \overline{\langle v, Tu \rangle} + \langle Tv, u \rangle + 0 = \overline{\langle T^*v, u \rangle} + \langle Tv, u \rangle = \overline{\langle -Tv, u \rangle} + \langle Tv, u \rangle = \\
 &\quad \text{using } T^* = T \\
 &= 2 \operatorname{Re} \langle Tv, u \rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

$\forall u, v \in V$ such that $\operatorname{Re} \langle Tu, u \rangle = 0$ and $\operatorname{Re} \langle Tv, v \rangle = 0$, we have $\langle T(u+v), u+v \rangle = 0$.

$\nabla \cdot T = 0$ i.e., $(v \in V \ni f) \quad T v = \bar{f}$ \Rightarrow $\langle T v, u \rangle = 0$, R $\int_{\Omega} v \cdot \nabla u$ $\forall v \in V$ ok, \therefore

$\int_{\Omega} f \bar{u} = 0$, $\operatorname{Re} \langle Tu, u \rangle = 0$ forall u , in \mathcal{D} : $\int_{\Omega} f u \in \mathbb{R}$

$$0 = \operatorname{Re} \langle T v, i u \rangle = \operatorname{Re} (-i \langle T v, u \rangle) = \operatorname{Im} \langle T v, u \rangle$$

$\nabla \cdot T = 0$ if $u, v \in V$ s.t. $\langle Tu, u \rangle = 0$ $\forall u \in V$, $0 = \text{Im} \langle Tu, u \rangle \subset \mathbb{R}$

• $\{f_n\}$ T -sk, $v \in V$ $\sum \|Tv\| = \|T^*v\|_{\rho(C)}$: $\lim f_n v$

כ. מכך נובע כי $\langle f(TT^*-T^*T)v, v \rangle = 0$, $v \in V$.

$$R^* = (TT^* - T^*T)^* = (TT^*)^* - (T^*T)^* = \dots$$

$$= T^{**} - T^* T T^{**} = T T^* - T^* T = R$$

($T^*T = T^*T$) \cap , $TT^* - T^*T = R = \emptyset$ sk , v ff $\langle Rv, v \rangle = 0$ sk pf

$$\langle (TT^* - T^*T)v, v \rangle = \langle TT^*v - T^*Tv, v \rangle = \langle TT^*v, v \rangle - \langle T^*Tv, v \rangle =$$

$$\|T^*v - T^*u\|^2 = \langle T^*v, T^*v \rangle - \langle T^*v, T^*u \rangle - \langle T^*u, T^*v \rangle + \langle T^*u, T^*u \rangle = \langle T^*v, T^*v \rangle - \langle T^*v, T^*u \rangle - \langle T^*u, T^*v \rangle + \langle T^*u, T^*u \rangle = \|T^*v\|^2 - \|T^*v - T^*u\|^2 + \|T^*u\|^2 = 0.$$

• $\|T\| = \inf_{\|v\|=1} \|Tv\|$, $\|T\| \leq \|T\|_1$ (why?)

! $\text{Hom}(V, V)$ für $T \in \text{Hom}(V, W)$ definiert: $\|T\| := \sup_{\|v\|=1} |\langle T v, v \rangle|$