

13. 1/2/3/7

$\forall \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \exists \beta \in \mathbb{R} \exists \gamma \in \mathbb{R} \exists \delta \in \mathbb{R} \exists M \in \mathbb{R}$ $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta, M)$

$\alpha > 0 \wedge \beta < 0 \wedge \gamma > 0 \wedge \delta < 0 \wedge \alpha + \beta + \gamma + \delta = 0$

$M = Rm_1 + Rm_2 + \dots + Rm_n \in \mathbb{R} \quad m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n \in M$

$\exists k \in \mathbb{N} \exists r \in \mathbb{R} \exists \delta \in \mathbb{R} \quad m \in M \iff \exists \beta \in \mathbb{R} \quad \beta > 0 \quad \text{such that}$

$m = r_1 m_1 + r_2 m_2 + \dots + r_n m_n \quad \beta \leq r_i \leq \beta + \delta \quad i = 1, \dots, n$

$r_1, \dots, r_n \in \mathbb{R} \quad \beta \in \mathbb{R}$

$\forall s \in S \quad \exists \beta \in \mathbb{R}, \exists r \in \mathbb{R} \quad s = r + \beta \quad R \subset S$

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$r = 0 \quad \forall s \in S \quad s = 0 + \beta \quad R \subset S$

$s^n + r_{n-1}s^{n-1} + \dots + r_1s + r_0 = 0 \quad s \in S$

$\exists r \in \mathbb{R} \quad \forall s \in S : s = r \quad R = \mathbb{R} \quad S = \mathbb{Q}$

$s \in \mathbb{R} \iff$

$nS - m = 0 \in S = \frac{m}{n}$

$s \in S$ הינה מוגדרת $R \subseteq S$ כה Lacn

: $\bigcup_{s \in S} e_{s, R, s}$ מוגדרת
 R שנמצא בס (1)

. $\exists i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ $\{s_i\}_{R, s} = R[s] \subseteq S$ (2)

- א. $\{R \subseteq R[s] \subseteq T \subseteq S\}_{R, s}$ (3)

. $\exists i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ $\{s_i\}_{R, s} = T$

$\{M - e\}_{R, s} = M$ $\{s_i\}_{R, s} = \{s_i\}_{R, s} = R$ (4)

. $\Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 4$ ונען
(ווען נערן $\{s_i\}_{R, s}$ איזה s) $\Rightarrow 2$

$$R[s] = \left\{ r_0 + r_1 s + r_2 s^2 + \dots + r_n s^n \mid r_i \in R \right\}$$

$$R = R \cdot 1 + R \cdot s + R \cdot s^2 + R \cdot s^3 + \dots$$

. $\exists i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ $\{s_i\}_{R, s}$ lf

s_i מוגדר בס s_i

$$s^n + a_{n-1}s^{n-1} + \dots + a_1s + a_0 = 0$$

lf $s^n + a_{n-1}s^{n-1} + \dots + a_1s + a_0 = 0$

$a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{C}$ $n \in \mathbb{N}$ $a_i \in \mathbb{C}$

$$S^n = -a_0 \cdot 1 - a_1 \cdot S - \dots - a_{n-1} \cdot S^{n-1} - a_n \cdot S^N$$

$$R[S] = R \cdot 1 + R \cdot S + \dots + R \cdot S^{n-1} \quad | \rightarrow S$$

! סדרה } , י

ר' סדרה } je $\int_{1/N}^N [S_{1/N} - R(S)] \quad M \rightarrow 1 \quad \underline{(\Rightarrow)}$

$m_1, \dots, m_n \in M$ ו' ו' סדרה $R \int_{\gamma_N} S_{\gamma_N}$

$$M = Rm_1 + \dots + Rm_n \quad - \epsilon \quad | \rightarrow$$

$R \int_{\gamma_N}$ ו' ו' סדרה $S \rightarrow$ סדרה } , י

$$\sum_{i=1}^n m_i \in M \quad , \quad \int_{1/N}^N [S_{1/N} - R(S)] \quad | \rightarrow \quad M - \epsilon \quad | \rightarrow$$

$- \epsilon \quad | \rightarrow \quad r_{ij} \in R \quad \text{ונ"י} \quad | \rightarrow$

$$sm_i = r_{i1} m_1 + r_{i2} m_2 + \dots + r_{in} m_n$$

ו' ו' סדרה r_{ij} גאלה $1 \leq i \leq n \quad \int_{1/N}^N$
 $\int_{1/N}^N \gamma(N) \quad | \rightarrow$

$$\begin{pmatrix} sm_1 \\ \vdots \\ sm_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_{11} & \dots & r_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ r_{n1} & \dots & r_{nn} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_1 \\ \vdots \\ m_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M \times \dots \times M = M^n - \text{def } \int_M^M e^{-\lambda} d\mu$$

$\in M_{1 \times n}(R[s])$ $e \in M_{n \times n}$

$$sI_n \begin{pmatrix} m_1 \\ \vdots \\ m_n \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r_{11} & \dots & r_{1n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ r_{n1} & \dots & r_{nn} \end{pmatrix}}_B \begin{pmatrix} m_1 \\ \vdots \\ m_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underbrace{(sI_n - B)}_{\in M_n(R[s])} \begin{pmatrix} m_1 \\ \vdots \\ m_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0_n \\ \vdots \\ 0_n \end{pmatrix} \quad (*)$$

$$\therefore \exists \lambda \in \mathbb{C}_{N \times N} \text{ s.t. } (\text{adj}_j B) \in M_n(R) \text{ and }$$

$$(\text{adj}_j B)_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} \det \begin{pmatrix} ((n-1) \times (n-1)) \text{ matrix } \\ \text{with } B \text{ with } i-th \text{ row and } j-th \text{ column removed} \end{pmatrix} \in R$$

$$B(\text{adj}_j B) = (\text{adj}_j B)B = \underbrace{\lambda I_n}_{\text{for all } \lambda \in \mathbb{C}}$$

$$\text{adj}_j(sI_n - B) \rightarrow \text{for all } \lambda \in \mathbb{C} \text{ we can say}$$

(*) $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{adj}_j B \text{ is } \\ \text{a } n \times n \text{ matrix} \end{array} \right\}$

$$\text{adj}(s\bar{I}_n - B) \cdot (s\bar{I}_n - B) \begin{pmatrix} m_1 \\ \vdots \\ m_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underbrace{(\det(s\bar{I}_n - B) \cdot \bar{I}_n)}_{\in M_n(R[s])} \begin{pmatrix} m_1 \\ \vdots \\ m_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \in M^n$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \det(s\bar{I}_n - B) \cdot m_1 \\ \det(s\bar{I}_n - B) \cdot m_2 \\ \vdots \\ \det(s\bar{I}_n - B) \cdot m_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underbrace{\det(s\bar{I}_n - B) \cdot m}_{\in R[s]} = O_n = O_{R[s]} \cdot m, \quad m \in M \quad \text{S, S, J, J, S}$$

$$\det(s\bar{I}_n - B) = O_{R[s]} = O_S \leftarrow \begin{bmatrix} N/c \end{bmatrix} M$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} s - r_{11} & -r_{12} & \dots & -r_{1n} \\ -r_{21} & s - r_{22} & \dots & -r_{2n} \\ \vdots & & & \\ -r_{n1} & -r_{n2} & \dots & s - r_{nn} \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$s^n + a_{n-1}s^{n-1} + \dots + a_1s + a_0 = 0$$

where $s \in \mathbb{C}^N$, $a_i \in \mathbb{R}$ $\forall i$
 $\cdot R \subseteq \mathbb{R}^N$

ר' סיבי ר' סיבי $R \subset S$ $\Rightarrow \underline{\text{ולכן}}$

$$R' = \left\{ s \in S \mid R \text{ סיבי סיבי } s \right\}$$

S סיבי $\Rightarrow R' \subseteq S$

$$\begin{aligned} R' &= \overline{R} = \left\{ s \in S \mid s \in R \right\} \\ &= \left\{ s \in C \mid \exists e \in C \text{ such that } s \in e \right\} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{array}{l} R = \overline{R} \\ S = C \end{array} \quad \underline{\text{ולכן}}$$

$\Rightarrow R' \subseteq C$

הנראה ש $s_1, s_2 \in R'$ $\Rightarrow s_1, s_2 \in R$ $\Rightarrow s_1, s_2 \in C$

$(1) \Rightarrow 2)$ סיבי

$$R[s_1] = R \cdot 1 + \dots + R \cdot s_1^{n-1}$$

$$R[s_2] = R \cdot 1 + \dots + R \cdot s_2^{n-1}$$

$$R[s_1, s_2] = \left\{ \sum_{i,j} r_{ij} s_1^i s_2^j \mid \begin{array}{l} i \geq 0, j \geq 0 \\ r_{ij} \neq 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 0 \leq i \leq n_1 - 1 \\ 0 \leq j \leq n_2 - 1 \end{array}, s_1^i s_2^j$$

$\therefore \{s_1, s_2\} \subseteq R[s_1, s_2]$

$$\binom{n}{k} \begin{cases} s_1, s_2 - R[s_1 + s_2] \\ s_1, s_2 - R[s_1, s_2] \end{cases} \Rightarrow M = R[s_1, s_2]$$

ההנ' R סימני s_1, s_2 , $s_1 + s_2$

העתקה של R מוגדרת:

$\forall k \in \mathbb{N}$ $\exists A \in M_n(R)$ הינה $A \in M_n(R)$

$(R \subseteq \text{העתקה}) \Leftrightarrow \det A \in R$

העתקה A הינה $\det A \in \text{העתקה}$

$$AB = I_n \quad \vdash B \in M_n(R)$$

$$(\det A)(\det B) = \det I_n = 1_R$$

העתקה $(\det A) \in R$

העתקה $\det A \in R \Rightarrow$

$$\underbrace{\frac{1}{\det A} (\text{adj}_j A)}_{\in M_n(R)} \cdot A = I_n$$

$$\det A \in R$$

$F \subset S$, $\forall s \in S$, $\exists f \in F$ such that $f(s) = s$

$\Rightarrow F$ is non-empty since $s \in S$ for some $s \in S$

Since $\{s \in F : s \in S\}$ is non-empty

$(0) \neq I = \{f \in F[x] : f(s) = 0_s\} \subset F[x]$

Since I is a non-empty subset of $F[x]$ it has a maximal element

Let $f_s \in I$ be the maximal element. Then $f_s \in I$ and $f_s \in F[x]$

Since $f_s \in I$, $f_s \in F[x]$ and $f_s \in F[x]$

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$s \in \overline{\{f_s\}}$ since $f_s(s) = s$

$F = \text{Frac } R$ and $R \subset F$ since $f_s \in F$

$R \subset S$ since $s \in S$ for some $s \in S$

$f_s \in R[x] \Leftrightarrow$

$\forall s \in \mathbb{F}$, $f_s \in R[x]$ ו $f_s \neq 0$ (\Rightarrow המונט)

הכוון הוא R סרנו $\exists f_s \in R[x]$ ו $f_s \neq 0$

$\exists s \in \mathbb{F}$, $f_s \in R[x]$ ו $f_s \neq 0$ (\Leftarrow)

$\exists g \in \mathbb{F}[x]$ ו $g(s) = 0$ - \vdash $\exists g \in \mathbb{F}[x]$ ו $g(s) = 0$

$\mathbb{F}[x] \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^N$ כפלה $g(x) = f_s(x)h(x)$ ו

- \vdash $\tilde{f}, \tilde{h} \in \mathbb{C}^N$ ו $\tilde{f}(s) = 0$ ו $\tilde{h}(s) \neq 0$

$\omega \in F$ ו $\tilde{f} = \omega \cdot f_s$ ו $\tilde{g}(x) = \tilde{f}(x)\tilde{h}(x)$

\tilde{f} הוא סינגולרי ב s , ו \tilde{g} הוא סינגולרי ב s

$\mathbb{F} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^N$ ו $\omega \in \mathbb{F}$

$$f_s(x) = \frac{1}{\omega} \tilde{f}(x) \in R[x]$$

בנוסף \mathbb{F} הוא שדה נורמי המונט

$F = \text{Frac } O_F$ - \vdash O_F "סינגולרי"

" \mathbb{Q} " המונט (F, O_F) בנוסף \mathbb{Q}

(\mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{Z})

$Q \subseteq F$ because $\int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$

$$\dim_Q F = 2 \quad -\text{e.g.} \quad \mathbb{Q}(1)$$

because $0, 1 \neq d \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $d \in \mathbb{Q}$

so \sqrt{d} is irrational if $d \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{1\}$

$$-\text{e.g.} \quad \{4, 9, 16, \dots\}$$

$$F = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{d}) = \{a + b\sqrt{d} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\} \subseteq \mathbb{C}$$

because $\sqrt{d} \in F$

$$\Leftrightarrow \lambda \in F \quad \text{if } \lambda \in \mathbb{Q} \text{ then } \lambda \in \{1, \sqrt{d}\}$$

$$\lambda = c_1 + c_2 \sqrt{d} \quad \text{where } c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\lambda^2 - c_1 \lambda - c_1 = 0$$

$$\left(\lambda - \frac{c_1}{2}\right)^2 = \lambda^2 - c_1 \lambda + \frac{c_1^2}{4} = c_1 + \frac{c_2^2}{4}$$

$$\lambda \in F \quad \text{if } \lambda \in \mathbb{Q} \text{ or } \lambda \in \left\{1, \underbrace{\lambda - \frac{c_1}{2}}_{\beta}\right\} \subseteq \mathbb{C}$$

$$\lambda \in F \quad \text{if } \lambda \in \mathbb{Q} \quad \beta^2 = c_1 + \frac{c_2^2}{4} \in \mathbb{Q} \quad \beta \in \mathbb{C}$$

β , $\alpha \in \mathbb{Q}$ $\rightarrow \beta$

$$\text{can } (\sqrt{d})^2 = \underbrace{\beta^2}_{d} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

F $\{e^{0.02}, \sqrt{d}\} \subset \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{d})$

$$F = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{d})$$

$$\mathcal{O}_F = \{ \alpha \in F : \exists \text{ norm } \alpha \}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_F = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{d}] = \{a + b\sqrt{d} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}, & d \equiv 1 \pmod{4} \\ \mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{d}}{2}\right] = \left\{a + \frac{b(1+\sqrt{d})}{2} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\right\} & d \equiv 3 \pmod{4} \end{cases}$$

$$d \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$$