

$$\frac{4}{\text{def}} \rightarrow \boxed{3} \rightarrow$$

\cap \cup \setminus \in \forall \exists \neg \wedge \vee \rightarrow \Leftrightarrow $\exists!$ $\forall!$ $\in \mathbb{N}$ \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Q} \mathbb{R}

$$I + J = \{ i + j : i \in I, j \in J \}$$

$$IJ = \left\{ a_1 i_1 j_1 + \dots + a_r i_r j_r : \begin{array}{l} a_k \in R \\ i_k \in I \\ j_k \in J \end{array} \right\}$$

$$I = n\mathbb{Z} \quad R = \mathbb{Z} \quad \underline{\text{len 12}}$$

$$J = m\mathbb{Z}$$

$$I + J = \{ nx + my : x, y \in \mathbb{Z} \} =$$

$$d = \gcd(n, m) \quad \{ x \in \mathbb{Z} : d|x \} = d\mathbb{Z}.$$

$$I + J = \underbrace{(n, m)}_{\text{lcm 10}} = d\mathbb{Z}$$

$$IJ = nm\mathbb{Z}$$

\cap \cup \setminus \in \forall \exists \neg \wedge \vee \rightarrow \Leftrightarrow $\exists!$ $\forall!$ $\in \mathbb{N}$ \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Q} \mathbb{R} 习题 7.1

$$I + J = R \quad \text{if } \exists k \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } I, J \subseteq k\mathbb{Z}$$

$$\exists k \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } R \subset k\mathbb{Z} \text{ (by def of } \in \text{ relation)}$$

$$R/IJ \cong R/I \times R/J \quad \text{if } I, J \text{ are prime}$$

$$f : R \rightarrow R/J \times R/J$$

$$f(r) = (r + I, r + I)$$

נְגַדֵּל

$$r \in \ker f \Leftrightarrow f(r) = (O_{R/I}, O_{R/I}) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$r + I = 0 + I \Leftrightarrow r \in I$$

$$r + J = 0 + J \Leftrightarrow r \in J \Leftrightarrow r \in I \cap J.$$

$\Rightarrow \ker f = \{0\}$ (since $f(0) = 0$)

$(\lambda e^n \in \gamma \{ \}) \Rightarrow (\lambda e^n \gamma \in \{\gamma\} \cup \{ \})$

$$1 \in R = I + J$$

$\sum_{j=1}^n e_j = \sum_{j=1}^n e_j + \sum_{j=n+1}^m e_j = \sum_{j=1}^m e_j$

$$\forall i \in I \quad f(i) = (i+I, i+J) = (\mathcal{O}_{R/I}, 1_{R/J})$$

$$1-i = j \in J \Rightarrow i+j = 1+j \in 1_{R/J}$$

$$f(j) = (1_{R/I}, 0_{R/I})$$

$$(r_1 + I, r_2 + J) \in R/I \times R/J$$

$$f(r_1 + r_2 i) = f(r_1) f(i) + f(r_2) f(j) = \\ (r_1 + I, r_2 + J)(0, 1) + (r_1 + I, r_2 + J)(1, 0) = \\ (0, r_2 + J) + (r_1 + I, 0) = (r_1 + I, r_2 + J)$$

for f \vdash

$$IJ = I \cap J \quad \text{and} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{if } r \in I \cap J \\ \text{then } r \in I \text{ and } r \in J \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{if } IJ \text{ then } IJ \subseteq I \cap J$$

$$r = r \cdot 1 = r(i+j) = \underbrace{r_i}_{r_i \in I} + \underbrace{r_j}_{r_j \in J} \in IJ$$

$$r = r \cdot 1 = r(i+j) = \underbrace{r_i}_{r_i \in I} + \underbrace{r_j}_{r_j \in J} \in IJ$$

$$IJ = I \cap J \quad \vdash$$

$$I_1, \dots, I_n \triangleleft R \quad , \quad \text{and} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{if } r \in I_1 \cap \dots \cap I_n \\ \text{then } r \in I_1 \text{ and } \dots \text{ and } r \in I_n \end{array} \right\} \text{and} \quad R \cong \overline{\bigcap_{i=1}^n I_i}$$

$$\text{so } I_1 + I_2 = R \quad \text{and} \quad \text{so } I_1 \text{ and } I_2$$

$$R/I_1 \cap I_2 \cap \dots \cap I_n \cong R/I_1 \times R/I_2 \times \dots \times R/I_n$$

$$\text{and } \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{if } r \in I_1 \cap I_2 \cap \dots \cap I_n \\ \text{then } r \in I_1 \text{ and } \dots \text{ and } r \in I_n \end{array} \right\} \text{and} \quad n=2$$

$$I_1, I_2, \dots, I_{n-1}, I_n \quad \text{and} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{if } r \in I_1 \cap I_2 \cap \dots \cap I_{n-1} \\ \text{then } r \in I_1 \text{ and } \dots \text{ and } r \in I_{n-1} \end{array} \right\} \text{and} \quad n > 2$$

$$J^k, J^l \in \mathcal{I}^m$$

$$\begin{aligned} R/I_1 I_2 \cdots I_m &\cong R/I_1 I_2 \cdots I_{n-1} \times R/I_n \\ &= R/I_1 \times \cdots \times R/I_{n-1} \times R/I_n. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_k, I_n \in \mathcal{I}^m, 1 \leq k \leq n-1 \quad & \text{Definition of } \mathcal{I}^m \\ -e \in I_k, & \quad \text{Definition of } \mathcal{I}^m \\ x_k + y_k = 1, & \quad y_k \in I_n \end{aligned}$$

$$1 = (x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_{n-1} + y_{n-1}) =$$

$$\underbrace{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_{n-1}}_{\in I_1 I_2 \cdots I_{n-1}} + \underbrace{y_{n-1}}_{I_n} \in \mathcal{I}^m$$

$$\in I_1 I_2 \cdots I_{n-1} + I_n$$

$$I_1 I_2 \cdots I_{n-1} + I_n = R$$

$$\text{Definition of } \mathcal{I}^m$$

$$n = p_1^{e_1} p_2^{e_2} \cdots p_r^{e_r} \quad n \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \underline{n \in \mathbb{N}}$$

$$e_i \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}, \quad e_i \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_n = \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z} \cong \mathbb{Z}/p_1^{e_1} \times \cdots \times \mathbb{Z}/p_r^{e_r}$$

$\{a \in R : a \text{ has a left inverse}\} \subset R$, $\{a \in R : a \text{ has a right inverse}\} \subset R$

$$ab = ba = 1 \iff b \in R$$

$R^\leftarrow = \{a \in R : a \text{ has an inverse}\}$

$$(R \times S)^\ast = R^\ast \times S^\ast$$

$$\left(\frac{\mathbb{Z}}{n\mathbb{Z}}\right)^\ast \cong \left(\frac{\mathbb{Z}}{p_1^{e_1}\mathbb{Z}}\right)^\ast \times \cdots \times \left(\frac{\mathbb{Z}}{p_r^{e_r}\mathbb{Z}}\right)^\ast$$

$\varphi(n) \mid \varphi(p_i^{e_i})$ (e.g. $n = p_1^{e_1} \cdots p_r^{e_r}$)

$$\varphi(n) = \varphi(p_1^{e_1}) \varphi(p_2^{e_2}) \cdots \varphi(p_r^{e_r})$$

$I = R$ if $\forall a \in I \quad I \triangleleft R$ in R def

$I \triangleleft R$ if $I \subset R$ and $a \in I \Rightarrow a \in I$

$1 \in I \iff 1 \in I \quad \Leftarrow I = R \quad (\Leftarrow \text{ הוכחה})$

$uv = vu = 1 \iff u \in I \quad (\Rightarrow)$

$$\Leftarrow 1 = uv \in I \Leftarrow u \in I$$

$r = r \cdot 1 \in I \quad , \quad r \in R$

$$R = I \Leftarrow$$

$\forall k \in \mathbb{N} \quad \forall r \in R \quad (r^k)^{-1} = r^{-1} \quad (\text{using } r^{-1} \in I)$

$\forall r \in R \quad r^{-1} \in I \quad (\text{using } r^{-1} \in I)$

$$(O), R$$

$\forall x \in R \exists y \in R \forall z \in R (xRz \wedge yRz)$

$\Rightarrow \exists e \in R \forall x \in R (xRe \wedge eRx)$

$(0), R$

$(0), R \vdash \exists a \forall b (aRa \wedge aRb \wedge \forall c (cRa \rightarrow cRb))$

$. Ra = R \quad \exists a \cdot 0 \neq a \in R \quad ?$

- $\exists b \in R \quad aRa \wedge aRb \wedge \forall c (cRa \rightarrow cRb) \Leftarrow \exists a \in R \quad aRa \wedge aRb$

$$ab = ba = 1$$

' $\forall a \in R \exists b \in R ab = 1$ ' $\exists b \in R ab = 1$

' $\forall a \in R \exists b \in R ab = 1 \wedge ba = 1$ ' $\exists b \in R ab = 1 \wedge ba = 1$

$f(1_R) = 1_S \neq 0_S \quad 1 \notin \ker f \quad \ker f \leq R$

' $\forall a \in R \ker f = \{0_S\} \Leftarrow \ker f \neq R$ '

$M \trianglelefteq R \quad \forall a \in M \forall b \in R ab \in M$

$I = M \Leftarrow M \leq I \trianglelefteq R \quad \forall a \in M \forall b \in R ab \in I$

$I = R \quad \forall a \in R \forall b \in R ab \in R$

' $\forall I \trianglelefteq R \exists M \trianglelefteq R I \leq M \wedge M \leq R$ '

' $\forall I \trianglelefteq R \exists M \trianglelefteq R I \leq M \wedge M \leq R$ '

$I \in S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \exists M \trianglelefteq R I \leq M \\ \exists M \trianglelefteq R M \leq I \end{array} \right\}$

$\forall I \in S \forall M \trianglelefteq R (I \leq M \wedge M \leq R \Rightarrow I = R)$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall C \subseteq S \forall M \trianglelefteq R (C \subseteq M \wedge M \subseteq S \Rightarrow C = S)$

$(b \leq a \wedge a \leq b \Rightarrow a = b) \quad a, b \in C \Rightarrow C = S$

$\forall x \forall a \leq x \exists e \forall x \in S (x \leq a \Rightarrow x \leq e) \quad a \in S \Rightarrow a \leq e$

$\forall x \forall a \leq x \exists e \forall x \in S (x \leq a \Rightarrow x \leq e) \quad (x \in C \Rightarrow x \leq e)$

הנובע מכך ש- $\{I_i\}_{i \in I}$ סדרה כפולה של קבוצות יישובים.

$I \in S$ $\Leftrightarrow \exists i \in I \quad I = \bigcup_{I_i \in C} I_i$

$a \in I, i \in C \quad a, b \in I \quad \text{ו-} \quad \underline{\text{הנובע מכך ש-}} \quad I$

$a, b \in I_1 \quad \Leftarrow I_1 \subseteq I_2, \text{ו-} \quad \underline{\text{הנובע מכך ש-}} \quad a + b \in I_2 \subseteq I$

$a \in I \quad \Rightarrow \quad \exists i \in C \quad a \in I_i \quad r \in R, a \in I \quad \text{ו-}$

$\{I_i\}_{i \in I} \subseteq \{J_j\}_{j \in J}, r \in R \quad \text{ו-} \quad \underline{\text{הנובע מכך ש-}}$

הנובע מכך ש- $I \supseteq J \supsetneq I \cap J$

הנובע מכך ש- $I \supseteq J \supsetneq I \cap J$

הנובע מכך ש- $I \triangleleft R, \text{ו-} \quad \underline{\text{הנובע מכך ש-}}$

הנובע מכך ש- $R/I \supseteq I \supsetneq I^2$

הנובע מכך ש- $(a_n, \dots, a_1) \in \mathbb{Z}^n, \text{ו-} \quad \underline{\text{הנובע מכך ש-}}$

הנובע מכך ש-

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} I \leq J \wedge R \\ \exists f, I \xrightarrow{f} J \end{array} \right\} \xleftrightarrow{f(J)} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Se } f: I \rightarrow J \\ R/I \end{array} \right\}$$

$\forall I, J \in \mathcal{I}, I \subset J \Rightarrow \frac{I}{I} = I$

$\forall I, J \in \mathcal{I}, I = J \Rightarrow \left\{ (O_{R/I}), R/I \right\}$

$$\left(\exists f: I \rightarrow J \in \mathcal{I} \text{ such that } R/I \cong R/J \right) \iff R/I$$

1. $\exists f: I \rightarrow J \in \mathcal{I}$ such that $R/I \cong R/J$

2. $\exists f: I \rightarrow J \in \mathcal{I}$ such that $R/I \cong R/J$

$\mathbb{Q} = \{(a, b) \in \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \mid b \neq 0\} / \sim$

$$(a, b) \sim (c, d) \Leftrightarrow ad = bc$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \right)$$

? \mathbb{R} מוגדר?

$\mathbb{Q} \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ מוגדר $\subseteq (a_n)$ מוגדר

$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n, m \geq N |a_n - a_m| < \varepsilon$

'C17' >1126 Sc } 117 R

$$(a_n) + (b_n) = (a_n + b_n)$$

$$(a_n) \cdot (b_n) = (a_n b_n)$$

$0 < \varepsilon \in \mathbb{Q}$ such that for all $n \geq N$, $|a_n| < \varepsilon$.

$$I = \{10, 20, 70\} \subset R$$

$$R = \frac{V}{I}$$

$\forall x \in R \iff \{w'(0)\}_N \subseteq \{x\}'_c \subseteq \overline{\{x\}}'_c$